

THE FEDERAL EYES LOOKING DOWN YOUR THROAT!

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THE CO-ORDINATING COMMITTEE FOR FUNDAMENTAL AMERICAN FREEDOMS SUITE 520 • 301 FIRST STREET, N.E. • WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Federal controls under "The Civil Rights Act of 1963" affects you if you*-

- · Own a home or help build, buy or sell one.
- Own a business where the goods you offer or use have moved in interstate commerce.
- Pay a license tax to any city or state.
- Are receiving or expect to receive veteran's social security or welfare benefits.
- Participate in any federal farm financial program, such as production credit, REA, soil conservation, or deal with federal land, cooperative or soil banks, etc.
- Own stock in a corporation which sells or uses goods which have moved in interstate commerce or have loans or other contracts with banks affected by the FDIC, FHA, SBA, VA or contracts in any other federal financial program or activity.
- Have or expect to have a child in elementary school, high school or college.
- · Vote in federal, state or local elections.

The Federal penalties under the "Civil Rights Act of 1963" may include*—

- Federal dictation as to whom you sell or render services, whom you hire, fire or advance in your employ, where your children will go to school and who will vote.
- Withdrawal of federal insurance and guaranty (such as FDIC, FHA and VA) by administrative officials without notice or hearing.

- Calling and foreclosure of loans, refusing loans, exclusion from programs, activities, supports, subsidies or benefits by administrative officials without notice of hearing.
- Blacklisting of banks, contractors, schools, businesses, corporations or individuals by administrative officials without notice or hearing.
- Fine and imprisonment of citizens or state and local officials in suits brought at taxpayers expense, injunctions, assessment of damages, attorney's fees and costs, all without jury trial.

Federal Dictatorship

This legislation is 10 percent civil rights and 90 percent extension of federal control. The civil rights features are a smokescreen. It was not recommended in the President's Civil Rights Message of February 28 nor contained in his Civil Rights Act introduced on April 4 (with the exception of the voting provisions). It was first recommended on June 19.

This legislation recommended by the President vests in one individual—the Attorney General—more naked, raw power over the life and property of the citizens of this nation than has ever before been held. It would bestow upon the President's younger brother almost unlimited power and authority to interfere with and intrude upon the most sensitive phases of our society and economy. For instance, the Attorney General, just before an election, could move into marginal areas, register tens-of-thousands of voters and these votes would count even if, at a later date, a court set aside his action.

It would control and regulate where a man lives and where he eats, for whom he works and the paycheck he receives. It would affect the administration of multi-billion dollar programs of Fed-

^{*} This proposed Act amends more than 100 acts creating federal programs and activities. The controls and penalties apply differently under different Titles of the Act. For a detailed breakdown and analysis write us at once, airmail.

eral grants and loans and guarantees to States and individuals.

By legislative sleight-of-hand it would cover almost every man, woman and child in the country. It would bring under Federal control every firm that engages in a greatly expanded concept of interstate commerce; every establishment or individual who pays for a "privilege license" from the state; every business touched in any way by what Administration officials call Federal "grants, contracts, insurance, guaranties or otherwise."

Federal Takeover from the States

Under this legislation the States would be little more than local governmental agencies, existing as appendages of the central government and largely subject to its control. It would result in a totally powerful National Government with unending authority to intervene in all private affairs among men, and to control and adjust property and business relationships in accordance with the judgment of Government personnel.

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